Exploring Data through Natural Language Conversations

Anand Ranganathan
Co-Founder & Chief Al Officer
anand@unscrambl.com

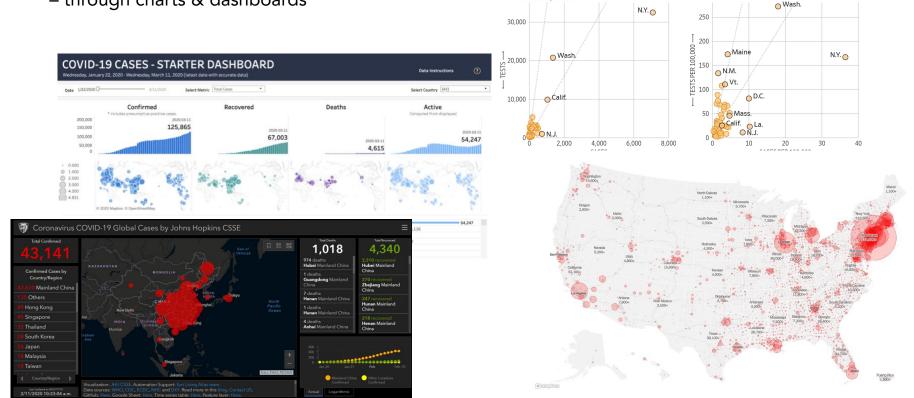


How do people consume data & analytics today?

South Korea

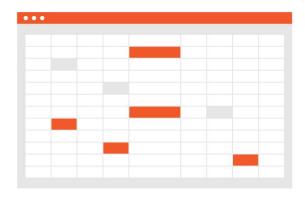
33.8 tests per case

- through charts & dashboards



What's wrong with dashboards





- Limited or no drill-downs
- On't know how the data for the dashboards is produced
- Can't ask a slightly different question
- Representative of an opinion; easy to cherry-pick stats
- Can be misleading





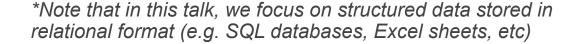
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What is Conversational Analytics?

Allow any user to ask text or voice questions of their data

and

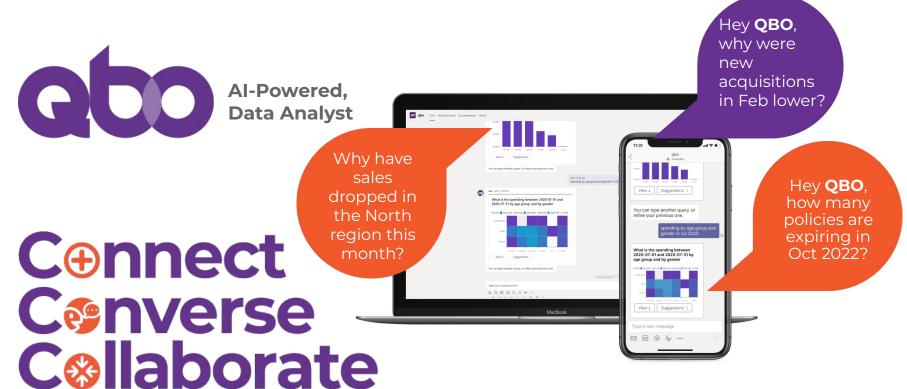
receive back a natural language + visual analysis of statistically relevant and actionable insights for that user.





Qbo: Natural language conversations with data

within collaboration platforms



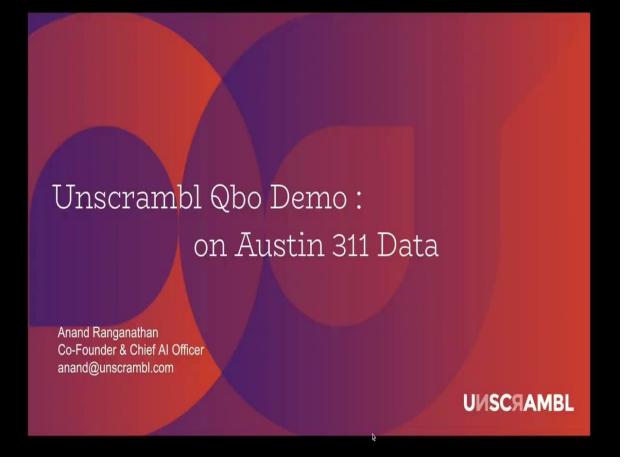


Qbo sits between users and disparate, siloed datasets

Support 20+ data connectors, and access via a web interface or Microsoft Teams









A (very simplified) overview of NLU pipeline



Anand 7:29 PM

group and by gender

number of trips in winter 2017 by age and gender

Entity Recognition & Construction

number of trips in winter 2017 by age and gender

Identification of Query type and mapping to known concepts in DB

Get results, decide on visualization and narratives, and present back to user

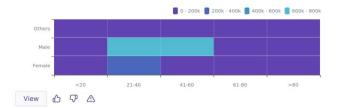
Type: Aggregation Query on Trips table with a group-by and a filter; **age ->** derived from birth year attribute; **gender ->** gender attribute; **in winter 2017 ->** 2017-12-23 and 2018-03-19 (filter)

Generate DB-specific SQL query

SELECT anon_1."age group", anon_1.gender, count(*) AS "Count"
FROM (SELECT "TRIP_ANALYSIS".end_station_id AS "end station_id", "TRIP_ANALYSIS".program_id AS "program_id", "TRIP_ANALYSIS".start_station_id AS "start station_id",
"TRIP_ANALYSIS".bikeid AS bikeid, CASE WHEN (:birth_year 1 - "TRIP_ANALYSIS".birth_year < :param_1) THEN :param_2 ELSE CASE WHEN (:birth_year_2 "TRIP_ANALYSIS".birth_year < :param_3) THEN :param_4 ELSE ..., "TRIP_ANALYSIS".gender AS gender
FROM "TRIP ANALYSIS".

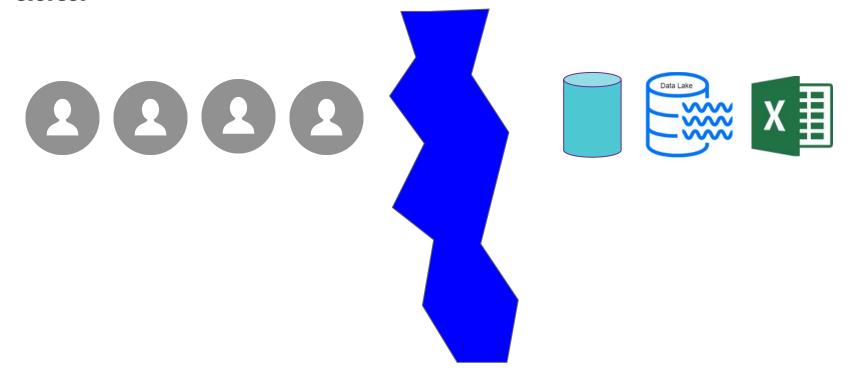
WHERE

qbo 7:29 PM
What is the total number of the trips between 2017-12-23 and 2018-03-19 by age





Key Challenge : Bridging the gap between users and data

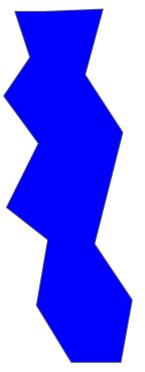


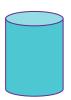


Key Challenge : Bridging the gap between users and data



- . Users don't know what to ask
- . Users don't know how to ask
- Users may pose questions in an ambiguous manner
- . Users may use terms not in the dataset











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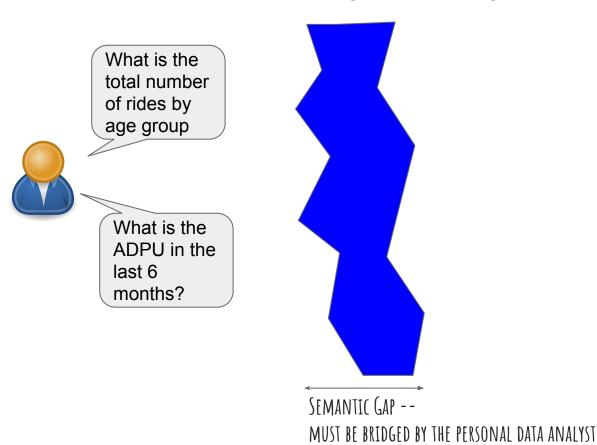


Data may be modeled in a variety of ways

Hidden semantics and assumptions behind different tables and columns Data may be incomplete, unclean Data may be spread across silos



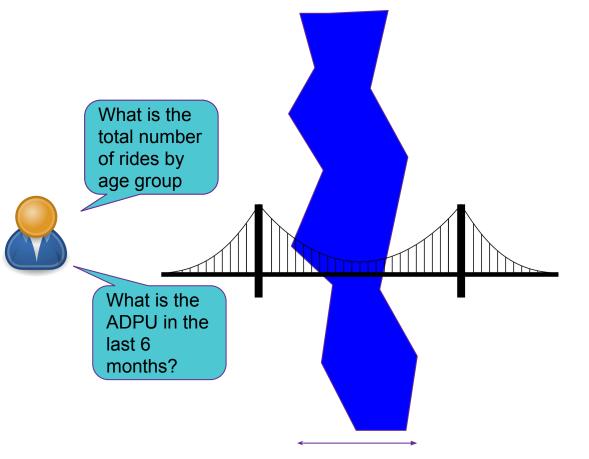
Users ask questions the way they want --& not be constrained by the physical data model



PHYSICAL DATA MODEL

Trip
starttime
stoptime
tripduration
birth_year
bikeid
usertype





PHYSICAL DATA MODEL

Trip
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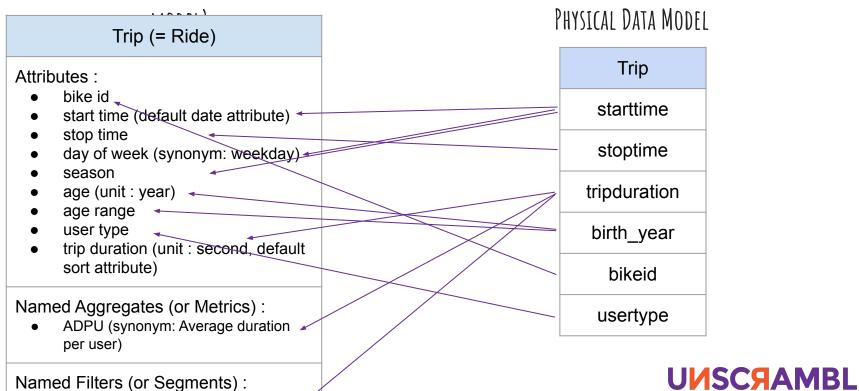


Semantic Gap

LOGICAL DATA MODEL

(THE BRIDGE BETWEEN THE USER AND THE PHYSICAL DATA

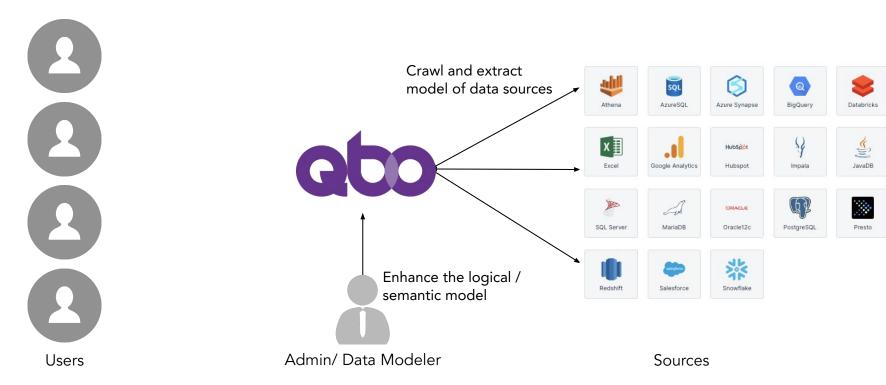
very old customers



Our approach to solving some of these challenges

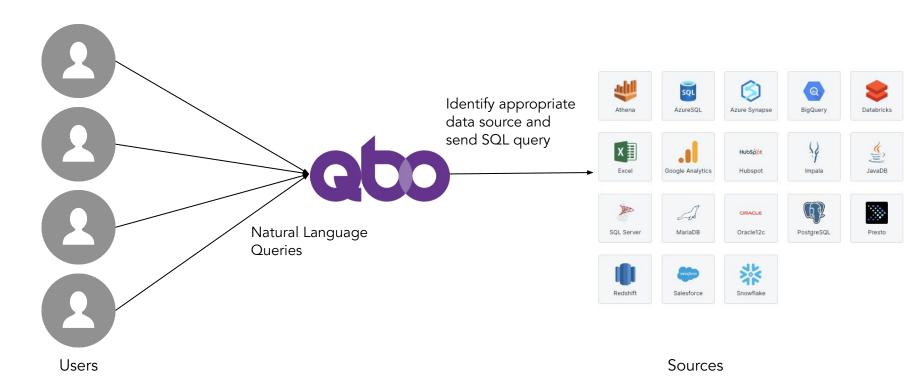


Step 1. Initial Data Discovery & Configuration



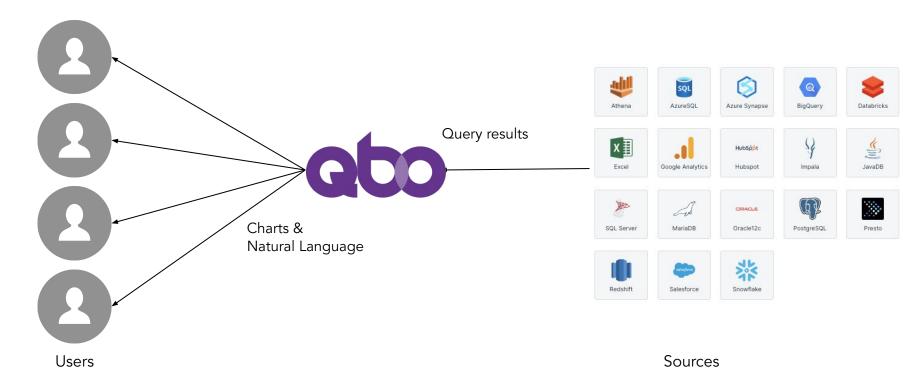


Step 2. Users can converse with qbo about their data



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Imagine...



#futureofwork

#futureofdata





